

OVERVIEW

- Why financial supervision?
- o How does supervision work?
- o How did it help Sint Maarten?
- o The challenges ahead
- o Looking into the future

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WHY FINANCIAL SUPERVISION?

- o Constitutional change on 10-10-10
- Financial supervision in return for debt relief
 - Kingdom Law for Curação and Sint Maarten
- Main purpose: restrain new debt build up and improve financial management of government
- Healthy financial position and accountability of government and related entities helps improve confidence



FUNCTIONS OF CFT

- Cft advises Governments and Parliament on budget and monitors implementation in accordance with the agreed norms
 - The Board: one representative of each country and a chairman
 - · Board members act independently and take no instructions
- Cft advises the Kingdom Council of Ministers, which is ultimately responsible for financial supervision
- o Cft works in an independent and transparent way
 - All advises are made available to the public: <u>www.cft.cw</u>
 - Secretariat has offices in Curação and Sint Maarten

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HOW DOES SUPERVISION WORK?

- o Kingdom Law has 3 norms:
- no deficit on current budget
- 2. borrowing only for capital expenditures
- 3. limit on size of debt: interest payments < 5% income
- $\circ~$ Budgetary outcomes and present and future budgets must comply with these $\,$ norms
 - Government is free in its own policies regarding revenues and expenditures
- Key documents on which Cft advises:
 - ➤ Budgets and budgetary amendments
 - > Quarterly reports on budget execution
 - \succ Financial statements of past years



FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- o Ex post deficits must be compensated by surpluses in future budgets, so that national wealth is preserved
 - 2010/11 ANG - 6.8 million • 2012 ANG - 0.5 million
 - 2013 ANG + 0.5 million (pending audit)
- o Improvement in financial management is monitored with Public Expenditure and Financial Accountability method:
 - Annual assessment of public expenditure, procurement and financial accountability systems

 Some progress but still lacking in quality

WHAT IF?

- o What if there is a negative Cft advise?
- · Country cannot borrow for capital expenditures
- Escalation procedures provided by Kingdom Law may be initiated by Cft, including consultation with Government
- As a last resort, Cft can advise Kingdom Council of Ministers to give instruction
- o Comparable to financial supervision in Europe where Commission can give instructions and, as a last resort, financial sanctions
 - Fits in more general trend of supervision: financial sector, competition, health care, energy, telecommunication



BRIDGING THE GAP

- o At the start of financial supervision there was a substantial gap between:
 - the way the island was running it's financial affairs
 - and the way the Kingdom Law requires things to be done
- o So far, efforts to bridge this gap have focused mainly on:
 - Balancing the budget
 - This has proven to be an enormous challenge for all governments since 10-10-10 as country needed to build up its own institutions
 - On-time performance
 - Timely delivery of key documents is still an issue although things improved visibly in 2014
 - · Financial management
 - Some progress but still lacking in quality



HOW DID IT HELP SINT MAARTEN?

- Country has been able to borrow at low interest rate
 - ANG 176 million for infrastructure projects, government building, etc.
 - Debt 10-10-10: 32 % of GDP, debt 31-12-14: 30 % of GDP
- National wealth has been preserved
- Limited cumulative deficit of ANG 6.8 million since 10-10-10
- Economy has been recovering somewhat since 10-10-10
- Real GDP -1.5 % (2011), 1.5 % (2012), 0.9 % (2013), 1.4 % (2014)
- This is a relative good performance within the Kingdom ...
- .. and by and large, Sint Maarten is bridging the gap..
- .. although progress is slow and a more structural solution is needed



GOVERNMENT DEBT IN KINGDOM 80 Sint Maarten 30 20 10 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

THE CHALLENGES AHEAD

- Balancing the budget
 - · Running a country is expensive and aspirations are high
 - Urgent need to contain growth of personnel and health-related costs
- Raising Government revenues
 - Income has basically been flat while economy grew 10% since 10-10-10 $\,$
 - Tax compliance? Capacity at tax authority?
- Improving Government liquidity
 - Payment arrears of ANG 250 mln to APS and SVZ
- Strengthening financial management
 - Up until now no approved audited financial statements

THE FUTURE

- Financial supervision has helped Sint Maarten to steer clear of financial distress ...
 - ... and thus has contributed to investor's confidence and economic growth
- Discussion in society on merits and demerits of supervision and its link to economic growth
 - Has it been a hindrance or a blessing in disguise?
- o Evaluation of Kingdom Law in 2015
- o How can continued supervision benefit Sint Maarten?



A LONG-TERM VISION

- Muddling through or planning for the future?
 Sint Maarten coped relatively well despite difficulties and constraints ...
 - ... but there has been more muddling through and crisis management than planning for the future
 - · Should there be more of the latter and less of the former?
- ${\color{blue} \circ}$ A structural approach is needed, which would enable the government to focus on the appropriate level of Government services, address social issues and eradicate poverty
 - · Promote economic growth
 - Strengthen tax authority
 - Develop a dividend policy for Government entities
 - Streamline Government and enhance efficiency



BEING PART OF THE SOLUTION

- Financial supervision can be part of the solution
 - A balanced budget puts pressure on Government on setting priorities and increasing efficiency ..
 - \dots enables Sint Maarten to borrow at favorable terms for investment in the infrastructure of the economy and raising its growth potential
 - ... strengthens process of checks and balances and increases transparency
- New government should set clear multi-annual agenda
 - Cft is willing to play its part

